

Toho Gas Group 2050 Carbon Neutrality Initiative





1. Introduction

- Since the company's foundation in 1922, Toho Gas has supported customers' lives and business in the Chubu region through energy supply, and has grown together with the region.
- In our main line of city gas operations, we have successively changed the basic material for this business from coal-sourced to petroleum, and now currently to natural gas, the fossil fuel with the least environmental impact. Through this and through developing and encouraging adoption of high-efficiency gas equipment, we have been actively engaged in reducing environment impact.
- Meanwhile, amid the current worldwide growing sense of urgency regarding global warning, Japan has announced governmental policies aimed at achieving carbon neutrality by 2050, and as an energy operator, we are called upon to effect massive change, and we see ourselves as facing a turning point in the times.
- Grounded on such an awareness, and with a strong determination to pioneer a new era from here on out to contribute to the sustainable growth of the Chubu region as a total energy provider, the Toho Gas Group set out to show to stakeholders the orientation of the Group's response.

Contents

1. Introduction	P1
2. Initiatives Geared Toward Achieving Carbon Neutrality	Ρ2
3 . Basic Approach	
(1) Pursuit of the Best Mix of Energies	P3
(2) Smooth Transition to Carbon Neutrality	Ρ4
4. Portrait of the future	P5
5. Specific Initiatives (1) Gas ①Reductions of carbon and decarbonization at customer locations	P6
②Carbon recycling	Ρ7
③Decarbonization of Gas Itself	P8
(2) Hydrogen (1) Demand creation : Mobility applications	P9
②Demand creation : Further expansion of applications	P10
③Supply chain creation	P11
(3) Electricity ① Reductions of carbon and decarbonization at customer locations	P12
② Decarbonization of electrical power sources	,P13
6. Strengthened Cooperation Geared Toward Achievement	P14

2. Initiatives Geared Toward Achieving Carbon Neutrality

- Toho Gas is accelerating efforts from where we are now to reduce carbon and even achieve decarbonization at customer locations, and along with this, we have turned our attention to technical innovation for utilizing hydrogen and in carbon recycling, and are connecting this to future decarbonization of gas itself.
- Through combinations of diverse means, including decarbonization in electrical power sources and the like, we are tackling the challenge of achieving carbon neutrality in our entire value chain, including customer locations, in 2050.



*1: Amount of contribution to CO2 reduction through business activities (FY2021 and after) *2: Of gas sold, the ratio of gas for which carbon neutrality has been achieved (a diverse array of means are envisioned, such as methanation, etc., hydrogen utilization, biogas, carbon neutral LNG, carbon recycling, overseas contributions, and afforestation and forest protection)

(Glossary) Methanation, etc.: Technology for producing methane, propane, and the like using hydrogen and CO2. <u>Carbon neutral LNG</u>: Liquid natural gas for which greenhouse gases produced from extraction of underground natural gas through to consumption are offset by CO2 credits. <u>Carbon recycling</u>: For this resource, this encompasses broad measures for CO2 separation, capture, utilization, storage, and the like.

3. Basic Approach (1) Pursuit of the Best Mix of Energies

The "3E+S" perspective continues to be crucial in energy supply, and in achieving carbon neutrality, the balance of stable supply and economy - that is to say, the best mix of energies - is essential.

(Glossary) 3E+S: The basic principles of Japan's energy policy, which are energy security, economic efficiency, environmental protection, and safety.

By effectively utilizing **a rugged pipeline infrastructure** together with taking advantage of the favorable affinity of gas and renewable energy, we are pursuing the best mix of a wide variety of energies and helping to strengthen the resilience of the region.

Ruggedness of Gas Infrastructure

Need for Preparation Against Frequent Natural Disasters

Increasing Intensity of Wind and Flood Dámage

Frequent Occurrence of Major Earthquakes

July 2018: Heavyrains (western Japan and elsewhere) March 2011: Tohoku earthquake and tsuna September 2018: Typhoon Jebi, Typhoon Trami September 2019: Typhoon Faxai, Typhoon Hagibis June 2018: Osaka earthquake July 2020: Heavy rains (Kyushu and elsewhere)

April 2016: Kumamoto earthquake September2018: Hokkaido Eastern Iburiearthqu

Adoption of earthquake-resistant pipes

As a preparation measure for natural disaster, securing multiple energy sources utilizing a rugged gas pipeline infrastructure is effective.



Utilization of Coordination Capabilities for Cogeneration, Etc.



- Storage batteries, etc., combined with cogeneration for utilization as adjustment power to augment renewable energy power sources for which output is unstable
- Popularization and promotion of renewable energy, avoiding restrictions on renewable energy output



3. Basic Approach (2) Smooth Transition to Carbon Neutrality

- To achieve carbon neutrality, innovative technical development is a requirement, and tremendous time and costs become necessary to overcome this.
- Consequently, we believe that if we first steadily press ahead with reducing carbon and decarbonization using established technology, it will become possible to make a smooth transition to carbon neutrality by achieving decarbonization of gas itself in the future.



Time axis→

4

4. Portrait of the future

 Through broad-based collaboration with all concerned, Toho Gas aims to create an energy system that contributes to carbon neutrality, with the pivot being the three types of energy of gas (city gas and LPG), hydrogen, and electricity.

 We will continue to contribute to realizing a sustainable society and to the further development of the Chubu region.



5. Specific Initiatives (1) Gas ⁽¹⁾Reductions of carbon and decarbonization at customer locations

- The Chubu area is a prominent industrial region, and because coal and petroleum are both still heavily used in high-temperature thermal applications, switching the fuel type from these to environmentally friendly city gas accelerated reductions in carbon.
- Further, in conjunction with such conventional efforts as energy conservation and advanced utilization of energy, we are also promoting such new initiatives as carbon recycling and hydrogen, supporting carbon reduction and decarbonization at customers in a thoroughgoing way.



(Glossary) ZEH · ZEB : These refer to zero-energy houses and zero-energy buildings – structures whose aim is to realize zero annual net consumption of primary energy in combination with renewable energy and the like.

5. Specific Initiatives (1) Gas ②Carbon recycling

- Toho Gas was quick to turn attention to technical development for CO₂ separation and capture, and we will continue to enhance our technical capabilities from the perspective of CO₂ utilization (conversion to fuel and solidification) and storage.
- As a means of carbon reduction that we can carry out right now, we are socially implementing carbon recycling to separate, capture, and utilize CO₂ at customer locations, and in the future we will also take up such challenges as direct capture from the atmosphere and expanding usage applications.



5. Specific Initiatives (1) Gas ③ Decarbonization of Gas Itself

expansion, and expansion of choices for customers

- Aiming for **the practical implementation of methanation technology and the like and the large-quantity introduction of clean synthetic methane** and similar substances, through broad-based alliances we are devoting effort to such matters as verification geared toward resolving such issues as greater high efficiency and lower costs.
- For carbon neutral LNG and biogas for which the start of introduction has already been completed, we will work to further expand the amounts handles and achieve decarbonization of gas itself through diverse means.



(after refining)

5. Specific Initiatives (2) Hydrogen ^①Demand creation : Mobility applications

- In the Chubu area, the utilization of hydrogen as a mobility application is progressing, and to help drive the spread of fuel cell automobiles, Toho Gas has been proactively endeavoring to prepare hydrogen stations.
- Along with continuing to work expand hydrogen station facilities and reduce costs, we will press on with expanding infrastructure by also making full use of cross-sectional frameworks in the industry to move toward expanding vehicle types and application to include industrial vehicles, transport vehicles, and others.



5. Specific Initiatives (2) Hydrogen ^① Demand creation : Further expansion of applications

- Toho Gas has even heretofore been devoting effort to the development of technology relating to hydrogen combustion and of mixed-combustion technology for city gas and hydrogen. Through further technical development, we will turn our efforts toward application expansion and practical implementation for the areas of heating and the like.
- Also, in the phase II development for Minato AQULS that is now under discussion, we are delineating a
 plan for the practical implementation of hydrogen technology.

To later

processes

Application Expansion to Heating and Other Fields

Hydrogen combustion

We are devoting effort to new development for burners, and to cost reduction and practical implementation.



Aluminum Hydrogen burner Ta pr Aluminummelt

Japan's first example of hydrogen combustion technology in single-end radiant-tube burners





Together with a multidiscipline industrial-technology research institute, the start of basic research into hydrogen mixed combustion for cogeneration

Together with industrial-use

customers, the start of verification

of adoption of hydrogen in

aluminum-melting furnaces, etc.

Fuel (gas) and power-generation applications



Minato AQULS Phase II Development Plan

In phase II development, we are aiming to architect a smart town that combines various technologies such as hydrogen and renewable energy, and <u>achieve</u> carbon neutrality in energy supply.



Note: The layout plan diagram is the concept at the current stage, and may be subject to change.

Technologies and systems under consideration for adoption

 K Hydrogen-related
 Pure hydrogen fuel cell batteries
 Mixed combustion of city gas and hydrogen, etc. 《 Others 》

Renewable energy and storage cells ZEHs and ZEBs Energy management (Vsuaization and demand response)

5. Specific Initiatives (2) Hydrogen ②Supply chain creation

To accommodate the vigorous hydrogen utilization needs of the Chubu region, we are driving the spread and expansion of hydrogen in the Chubu region through the early actualization of a planned change to a hydrogen supply terminal at the Chita-Midorihama Works and the creation of a hydrogen supply chain.

Planned Change to Hydrogen Supply Terminal at the Chita-Midorihama Works

- Combine hydrogen manufacturing in Japan by reforming natural gas, carbon recycling technology, and other feasible technologies and use what we have to provide means to accommodate growing need for hydrogen at an early date
- 2 Perform transportation to demand locations using tank trucks, etc., together with also taking up the challenge of pipeline supply via local network
- ③ Aim to become a receiving terminal for hydrogen imported from abroad





5. Specific Initiatives (3) Electricity ^①Reductions of carbon and decarbonization at customer locations

Together with encouraging the popularization of diverse distributed energy sources, including solar power generation, storage batteries, electric automobiles, and more, by integrating in the controlling these utilizing digital technology and achieving mutual flexibility for electricity and environmental values, we aim to offer services that achieve both creating of advantages for customers and efficient energy usage.



5. Specific Initiatives (3) Electricity ²Decarbonization of electrical power sources

- With an eye to decarbonizing our own power sources, we devoting effort to the development and procurement of renewable energy power sourced and to their diversification.
- Through cooperation with local governments and other entities and such means as regional electricity business, we are endeavoring to utilize latent renewable energy resources in local regions and contribute to resolving local issues through local production and local distribution of energy and strengthened resilience.



6. Strengthened Cooperation Geared Toward Achievement

- To enhance the effectiveness of these initiatives, alliances with the gas industry and individual partner companies as well as cooperative relationships with the national government, local governments, and the like are essential, and to this end, we are **seeking out broad external cooperation**.
- Within the company we have also newly established a committee under the direct control of the president, and are forging ahead with initiatives as a united effort by the Group.

Broad External Cooperation and In-house Systems



(Glossary) Supercity concept : An initiative aiming at social implementation geared toward antecedent achievement of a desired future to be brought about by around 2030 through the national government, local regions, and private operators working in concert

あしたがすてきに! TOHO GAS