

— TOHO GAS CO.,LTD. —

Consolidated Financial Results

Results for

the 2nd Quarter of FY2023

(April - September 2023)

October 31, 2023

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Return to Shareholders



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Earning forecasts and other forward-looking statements in this document are management's current views and beliefs in accordance with data currently available, and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those projected.

Consolidated Results for the 2nd Quarter of FY2023 Number of customers, Sales Volume



Number of customer accounts

	FY2023 Q2	FY2022 Q2	Change	Rate of Change	Notes
Number of customer accounts (thousand)	2,963	2,896	67	2.3%	
City Gas	1,751	1,743	8	0.4%	
LPG*	612	605	7	1.1%	
Electricity	600	548	53	9.6%	Development

* Including the number of customers based on commissioned business for delivery

<ref> Number of Gas</ref>	2,589	2,564	25	1.0%	Development
meters(thousand)	2,569	2,504	25	1.070	Development

Energy Sales Volume

L	illeters(tilousaliu)	•	,			
		FY2023 Q2	FY2022 Q2	Change	Rate of Change	Notes
	City Gas (million m³)	1,603	1,663	-60	-3.6%	
	Residential	203	218	-15	-6.8%	Impact of temperature -6, etc.
	Non-Residential	1,400	1,446	-45	-3.1%	Impact of temperature +9 Capacity utilization of facilities -22 Other specific factors -44, etc.
	LPG (thousand tons)	206	214	-8	-3.7%	High temperature, etc.
	Electricity (million kWh)	1,244	1,112	132	11.9%	Increase in customer base, etc.
	<ref> Average temperature (℃)</ref>	24.3	23.8	0.5	_	

Consolidated Results for the 2nd Quarter of FY2023 Sales, Incomes



(¥ billion)

	FY2023 Q2	FY2022 Q2	Change	Rate of Change
Net Sales	300.9	302.8	-1.9	-0.6%
Cost of sales	210.9	232.8	-21.9	-9.4%
Selling, General and Administrative Expenses	61.1	61.5	-0.3	-0.6%
Operating income	28.8	8.4	20.3	242.3%
Ordinary Income	31.9	9.8	22.1	225.5%
Net Income Attributable to Owners of the Parent	24.5	6.8	17.7	257.0%

[Appendix]

	FY2023 Q2	FY2022 Q2	Change
Crude Oil Price (CIF national average)	\$83.5 /bbl	\$111.9 /bbl	-\$28.4 /bbl
Exchange Rate (TTM)	¥141.1 /\$	¥134.0 /\$	¥7.1 /\$

Consolidated Results for the 2nd Quarter of FY2023 Segment information



(¥ billion)

Net Sales

	FY2023 Q2	FY2022 Q2	Change	Rate of Change
Gas	199.9	190.1	9.7	5.1%
LPG and other Energies	44.4	50.7	-6.2	-12.3%
Electricity	43.5	50.9	-7.4	-14.5%
Others	25.5	22.8	2.6	11.8%
Adjustments	-12.6	-11.9	-0.7	
Total Net Sales	300.9	302.8	-1.9	-0.6%

Segment income

	FY2023 Q2	FY2022 Q2	Change	Rate of Change
Gas	26.1	13.2	12.8	96.6%
LPG and other Energies	0.5	-1.1	1.6	_
Electricity	-1.2	-6.4	5.1	_
Others	2.5	1.9	0.6	30.5%
Adjustments	0.8	0.7	0.1	_
 Total Operating Income	28.8	8.4	20.3	242.3%

Consolidated Results for the 2nd Quarter of FY2023 YoY Factorization in Ordinary Income



 $+59.0 (-37.5 \Rightarrow 21.5)$



Ordinary	/ Income	+22.1	(9.8⇒31.9)
O G G G G G	4 11001110		



Operating Income +20.4

 $(8.4 \Rightarrow 28.8)$

Non-operating income +1.7

 $(1.3 \Rightarrow 3.0)$

<u>Gas</u>	<u>+13.0</u>
(13.2=	⇒26.1)

- Effect of gas sales volume -1.5
- Effect of Time lag, etc. +38.5
 - <Major factor breakdown>
 - Time lag on cost adjustment system
 - Difference between purchase price and consumption price -18.5 (13.5⇒-5.0)
- Others -24.0

Non-Gas + 7.4 $(-4.8 \Rightarrow 2.7)$

Consolidated Results for the 2nd Quarter of FY2023 Financial Position



(¥ billion)

	FY2023 Q2	FY2022 Results	Change
Total assets	711.0	693.5	17.5
Net assets	442.1	402.5	39.6
Interest- bearing debts	137.2	146.6	-9.4
Equity ratio	62.2%	58.0%	4.2Pt
D/E ratio (times)	0.31	0.36	-0.05

	FY2023 Q2	FY2022 Q2	Change
Cash flows from operating activities	39.1	4.9	34.1
Cash flows from investment activities	-14.5	-23.8	9.2
(Free cash flows)	(24.5)	(-18.8)	43.3
Cash flows from financing activities	-13.4	28.8	-42.2
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	11.8	10.5	1.3
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	45.7	42.6	3.0
CAPEX (Including investment)	21.2	26.5	-5.2
Depreciation	18.0	17.7	0.3

Consolidated Forecast for FY2023 Number of Customers, Sales Volume

/Paf> Number of Gas

*change from the previous year.



Number of customer accounts

		FY2023 Forecast	FY2022 Results	Change	Rate of Change	Notes
	Number of customer accounts (thousand)	2,975	2,921	54	1.8%	
1	City Gas	1,752	1,741	12	0.7%	
	LPG*	619	604	15	2.4%	
	Electricity	604	576	28	4.8%	Development

* Including the number of customers based on commissioned business for delivery

Energy
Sales
Volume

	meters(thousand)	2,599	2,579	19	0.7%	Development
		FY2023 Forecast	FY2022 Results	Change	Rate of Change	Notes
ı	City Gas (million m³)	3,454	3,454	0	0.0%	
	Residential	591	583	8	1.4%	Impact of temperature +14, etc.
	Non-Residential	2,863	2,871	-8	-0.3%	Impact of temperature +14 Capacity utilization of facilities -50 Other individual factors +8, etc.
	LPG (thousand tons)	475	475	-0	-0.0%	
	Electricity (million kWh)	2,492	2,369	123	5.2%	Increase in customer base, etc.
	<ref> Average temperature (℃)</ref>	17.1	17.3	-0.2	_	

Consolidated Forecast for FY2023 Number of Customers, Sales Volume

*change from the previous forecast.



TOHO GAS

Number of customer accounts

		FY2023 Forecast	Previous Forecast	Change	Rate of Change	Notes
	Number of customer accounts (thousand)	2,975	2,975	ı	_	Unchanged from the previous forecast.
4	City Gas	1,752	1,752	I	-	ıı .
	LPG*	619	619		_	ıı .
	Electricity	604	604	1	1	ıı .

^{*} Including the number of customers based on commissioned business for delivery

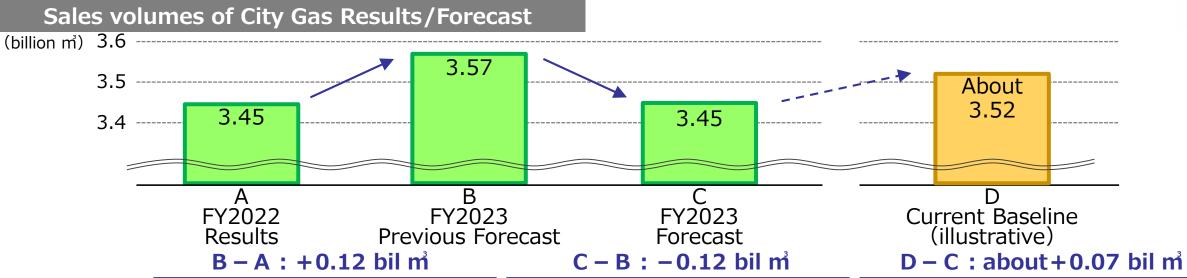
<ref> Number of Gas</ref>	2,599	2 500			Unchanged from the province forecast
meters(thousand)	2,599	2,599	_	_	Unchanged from the previous forecast.

Energy Sales Volume

	FY2023 Forecast	Previous Forecast	Change	Rate of Change	Notes
City Gas (million m³)	3,454	3,572	-118	-3.3%	
Residential	591	607	-16	-2.6%	Impact of temperature -16, etc.
Non-Residential	2,863	2,965	-102	-3.4%	Capacity utilization of facilities -50 Other specific factors -52, etc.
LPG (thousand tons)	475	480	-5	-1.0%	
Electricity (million kWh)	2,492	2,539	-47	-1.9%	
<ref> Average temperature (℃)</ref>	17.1	16.5	0.6		

(Reference) Sales volume of City Gas





Breakdown by customer

Residential +0.02 bil m Non-Residential +0.1 bil m Under the assumptions both bounce

previous year.

back from previous year's high temperature and increase in operation of customer facilities, initially expected the increase vs.

Residential -0.02 bil m Non-Residential - 0.1 bil m

The downward revision reflects a temporary decrease in demand for production capacity at plants and due to delayed recovery from Corona and other factors, in addition to lower demand due to high temperatures that became apparent in the first half of the year, as well as lower demand due to specific factors such as energy conservation.

 $+0.02 \text{ bil } \vec{m}$ Residential Non-Residential +0.05 bil m

Reflects the return of demand based on the assumption of normal temperatures, as well as the return of temporary demand reductions due to production operations at factories, etc. (Demand reductions due to specific factors such as energy conservation are not included in the baseline)

Increase/ Decrease **Factors**

2. Consolidated Forecast for FY2023 (3) Sales, Incomes

*change from the previous forecast.







	FY2023 Forecast	FY2022 Results	Change	Rate of Change	Notes
Net Sales	660.0	706.0	-46.0	-6.5%	Previous forecast: 670billion
Operating income	25.0	43.7	-18.7	-42.8%	Previous forecast: 22billion
Ordinary Income	29.0	48.1	-19.1	-39.8%	Previous forecast : 26billion
Net income attributable to owners of the parent	22.0	33.7	-11.7	-34.8%	Previous forecast: 18billion
CAPEX (Including investment)	70.4	60.1	10.2	17.0%	Unchanged from the previous forecast.
Depreciation	38.2	36.2	2.0	5.6%	II .

[Assumption]

(\$/bbl, ¥/\$)

[Sensitivity (full-year)]

	FY2023 Forecast	FY2022 Results	Change	Notes
Crude oil price	86.8	102.7	-15.9	for Q3/Q4 FY2023 : \$90/bbl
Exchange rate	145.5	135.5	10.0	for Q3/Q4 FY2023 : ¥150/\$

	Gross profit of
	Gas business
Crude oil price +1\$/bbl	-¥ 0.35 billion
Exchange rate +1¥/\$	-¥ 0.20 billion

2. Consolidated Forecast for FY2023

(4) YoY Factorization in Ordinary Income *change from the previous year.



(¥ billion)



Operating Income -18.7

 $(43.7 \Rightarrow 25.0)$

Non-operating income -0.4

 $(4.4 \Rightarrow 4.0)$

	<u>Ga</u>	IS	-25	<u>5.5</u>
(46.	1=	⇒20	.5)

- Effect of gas sales volume +1.5
- Effect of Time lag, etc. +19.0
 - <Major factor breakdown>
 - > Time lag on cost $+30.0 (-18.0 \Rightarrow 12.0)$ adjustment system
 - ➤ Difference between purchase price and consumption price -6.5 $(4.5 \Rightarrow -2.0)$
- Others -46.0

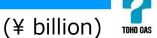
Non-Gas +6.8 (-2.3⇒4.5)

2. Consolidated Forecast for FY2023

(5) FY2023 Forecast against Previous Forecast Factorization in Ordinary Income

*change from the previous forecast.







Operating Income +3.0

 $(22.0 \Rightarrow 25.0)$

Non-operating income ±0

 $(4.0 \Rightarrow 4.0)$

	<u>Gas</u>	+	2	<u>.5</u>
(18.0=	⇒2	0.!	5)

- Effect of gas sales volume
- Effect of Time lag, etc. +8.5
 - <Major factor breakdown>
 - Time lag on cost adjustment system
 - Difference between purchase

price and consumption price

Others

+5.0 (7.0⇒12.0)

-0.5 $(-1.5 \Rightarrow -2.0)$

-3.5

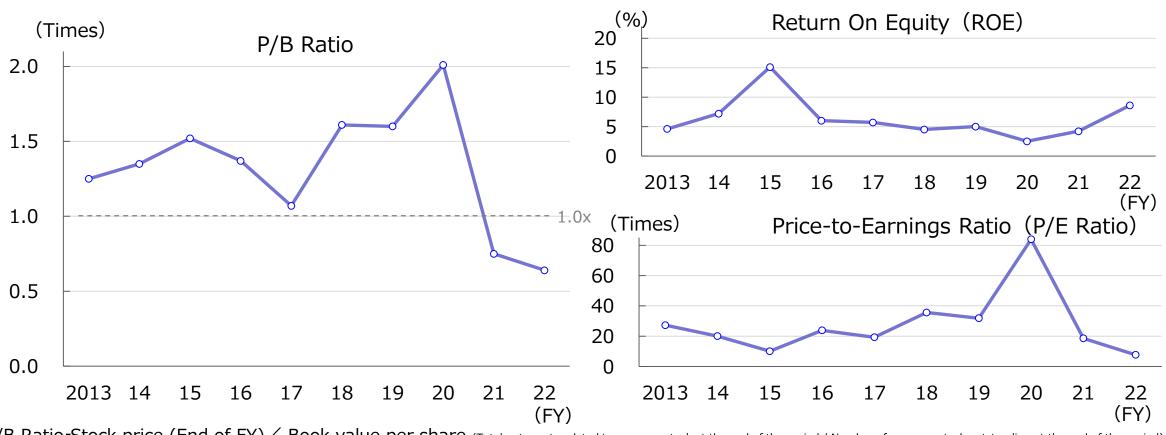
-2.5

Non-Gas + 0.5 (4.0 \Rightarrow 4.5)

3. Consideration for improving "Price-to-Book (P/B) Ratio" (1) Evaluation from the stock market & ROE level



P/B ratio had been above 1.0x though it has been below 1.0x since FY2021.



* P/B Ratio=Stock price (End of FY) / Book value per share (Total net assets related to common stock at the end of the period / Number of common stock outstanding at the end of the period)

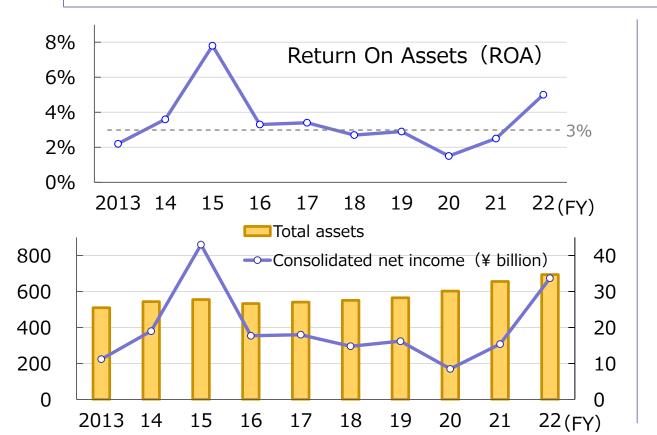
*ROE =Net income attributable to owners of the parent / Shareholders' equity (Average total assets at beginning and end of the period)×100

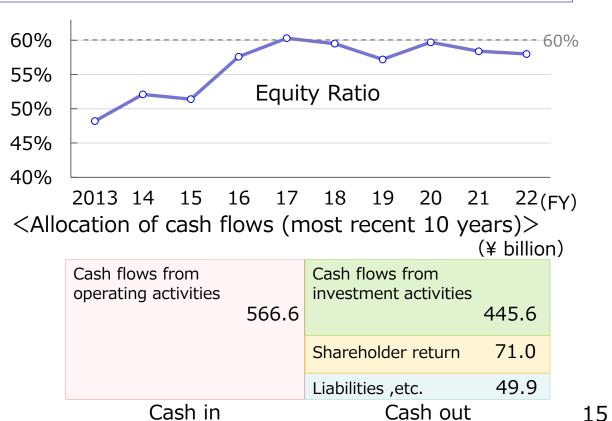
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^{*} P/E Ratio = Stock price (End of FY) / Net earnings per share (Net income attributable to shareholders of the parent company related to common stock / Average number of common stock during the period)

3. Consideration for improving "Price-to-Book (P/B) Ratio"(2) ROE Analysis (ROA, Equity Ratio)

- TOUGOSE
- ➤ ROA (Return on Assets) has been around 3%, except for the most recent results. The size of total assets has been increasing due to increased investment in strategic businesses and an increase in working capital as a result of higher oil prices and a weaker yen.
- ➤ Equity ratio has remained close to 60% since FY2016. In the last 10 years , we have invested within its operating cash flow and returned capital to shareholders and repaid debt.

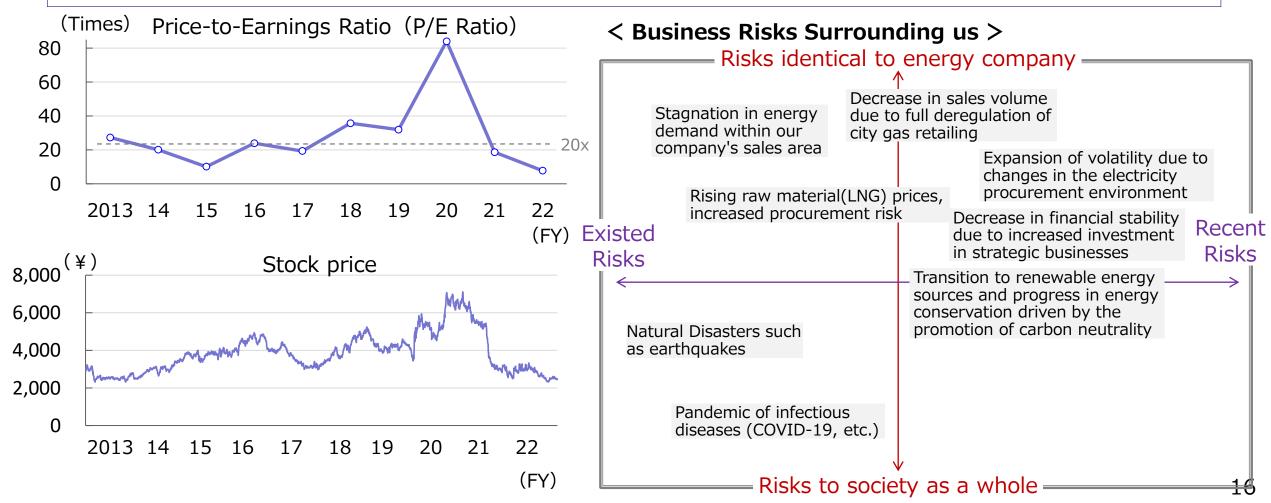




3. Consideration for improving "Price-to-Book (P/B) Ratio" (3) Price-to-Earnings Ratio (P/E Ratio) Analysis



Not pervasive explanations sufficient to dispel investors' concerns might be causing the swing in stock prices.



3. Consideration for improving "Price-to-Book (P/B) Ratio" (4) Elements of further consideration





		Improvement of Capital efficiency
	ROE	 ✓ Maintain profitability of city gas business and stable growth of LPG business ✓ Shift resources to strategic businesses and make them profitable ✓ Manage return on capital by business portfolio (e.g., introduction of ROIC) ✓ Reduce assets (reduction of stock holdings, utilization/sale of business assets etc.)
P/B Ratio	×	Optimal Capital Structure
Katio		✓ Consider adequacy levels of capital

P/E Ratio

Improvement of P/E Ratio (Reduction of Shareholder's Equity Cost)

✓ Conduct appropriate measures in line with our shareholder return policy

✓ Strengthen IR activities and promote dialogue with capital markets to dispel concerns about management risks surrounding us

[Reference 1]

Medium-Term Management Plan (From FY2022 to FY2025)

- Steps to Our Group Vision -



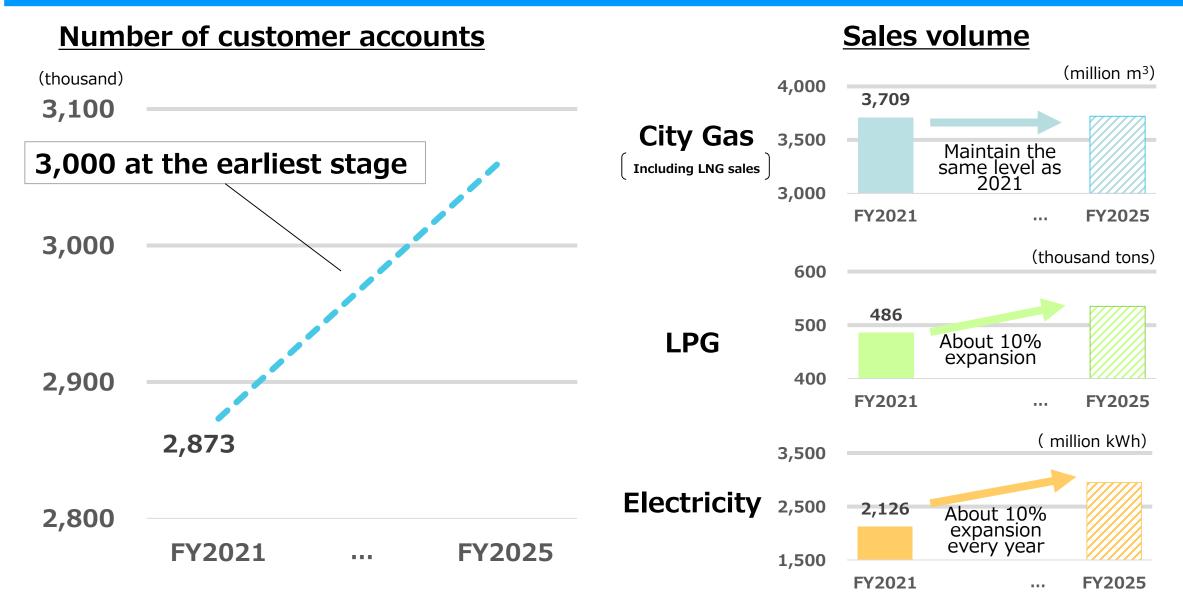
The Medium-term Management Plan is positioned as the first step toward the realization of the vision set forth in the Group Vision, and by tackling the four themes, we will make sure the path to new growth.

2022 2025 2030 Mid-2030s Second Step First Step Third Step Accelerate the review process of management resource allocation and Establish a path for new growth by shifting management resources from the core business*1 to the strategic Develop the strategic business to the same scale as that of the core promote the transformation of business to achieve our future vision business structure business*2 What we aim to be in the mid-2030s Four themes to work on from FY2022 to 2025 01 Promote carbon **Evolve** as an energy neutrality operator Reliable energy operator in the region **03** Create diverse value 04 Contribute to the SDGs Corporate group that leads the Life and business partner beyond the realization of a boundary of energy sustainable *1 Business to create cash flow as a long-term stable earnings base (e.g., city gas, LPG) society *2 Business that drives medium- to long-term growth

⁽e.g., electricity, energy services, living/business support)

Reference 1 Medium-Term Management Plan (From FY2022 to FY2025)

Sales Targets -



[Reference 1]

Medium-Term Management Plan (From FY2022 to FY2025)

- Management Index -



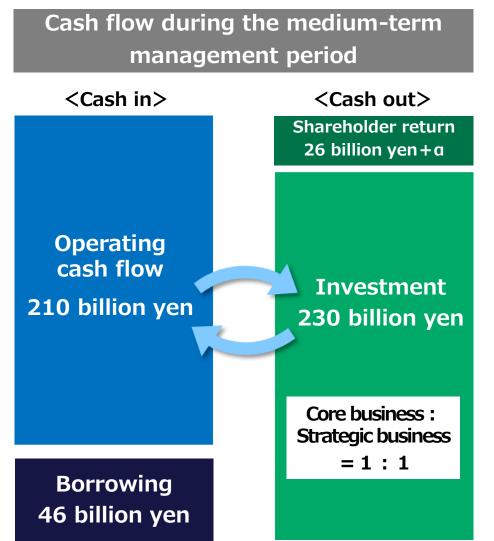
Policy

- Accelerate investment for sustainable growth while maintaining the ability to generate operating cash flow
- Even in an investment expansion phase, balance between efficiency and soundness to manage the entire system

	Management Index	Management Goal					
Profitability	Operating cash flow	210 billion yen and over (Cumulative total from FY2022 to FY2025)					
Efficiency	ROA	About 3% *1 > WACC*2 (FY 2025)					
Soundness	Debt to Equity ratio	About 0.6 (FY 2025)					
*1 Consolidated ordinary income for FY2025 is approximately 25 billion yen *2 WACC=Cost of capital: Mid 2%							
Sharehold	Based on stable divided	Based on stable dividends, we will combine flexible acquisition and cancellation of treasury stocks and					

Shareholder return policy

Based on stable dividends, we will combine flexible acquisition and cancellation of treasury stocks and deliver shareholder returns approximately 40 to 50% of the current net income over the medium to long term



Reference 2 Return to Shareholders



Shareholder return policy

Based on stable dividends, we will combine flexible acquisition and cancellation of treasury stocks and deliver shareholder returns approximately 40 to 50% of the current net income over the medium to long term.

Dividend ¥60/share for FY2023 in annual base. (interim dividend ¥30/share)

(¥ billion)

FY	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023 (Forecast) [*]
Net income attributable to the parent(consolidated)	19.0	43.0	17.7	18.0	14.8	16.2	8.5	15.4	33.7	22.0
Cash dividend	5.1	5.4	5.3	5.5	5.8	5.8	5.8	6.0	6.3	6.3
[Dividend per share]	[¥47.5]	[¥50]	[¥50]	[¥52.5]	[¥55]	[¥55]	[¥55]	[¥57.5]	[¥60]	[¥60]
Share buy-back	2.9	4.5	2.9	-	2.9	-	-	1.5	-	-
Total return	8.0	9.9	8.2	5.5	8.7	5.8	5.8	7.6	6.3	6.3

